1. How often is the PLR (Periodic Lot Report) submitted?
   Monthly between the 1st and 8th of the month

2. The PLR contains what information?
   National stock number
   Lot number
   Current condition code
   Quantity of each item

3. How long after a change in inventory of ammunition and pyro is an ATR to be submitted?
   48 hours

4. What does TMT stand for?
   Training management Tool

5. When are you required to fill out and AOPS report?
   Within 72 hrs of activity

6. What does the Activity logs report consist of?
   All the resources within a unit, group, district, or area

7. A cutter with two small boats is required to maintain how many activity logs?
   Three activity logs

8. Who is required to submit a Boat Inspection Report?
   All boats less than 65 feet long

9. A detailed inspection of each boat shall be conducted when?
   Not to exceed 1 year between inspections

10. When shall a special inspection be completed?
    When a boat is transferred or disposed of

11. How long after the inspection is completed do you have to submit it?
    Submissions shall be made within 10 days

12. How many copies are made of the report?
    An original with two copies
    Original to MLC
    The unit retains a copy
    One copy forwarded to the area/district boat managers
13. What are the three methods used to acquire supplies and or services?
   DRMO-from coast guard or other Govt. agencies
   MILSTRIP-standard requisitioning and issue procedures
   Direct purchase from a commercial source (last resort)

14. When using FED LOG what do you need to enter to begin your search?
   Item name
   National stock number
   Manufacturers part number

15. What form is a surf requisition log?
   CG 4940

16. What form is a procurement request?
   DOT F 4200.1

17. When would you use a surf requisition log?
   To provide information for Govt. supplies

18. When would you use a procurement request?
   To provide information of commercial supplies

19. How many classes of messages are used throughout the military?
   Four

20. What class is the official message originated by Govt. and agencies?
    Class B

21. The official Coast Guard heading is divided into three parts.
    Heading
    Test
    Ending

22. How many precedence categories are there?
    Four
    Routine(r), priority(p), Immediate(o), and Flash(z)

23. How many characters are there in a DTG (Day Time Group)
    12
24. How many classification designators are there?
   4
   UNCLAS
   CONFIDENTIAL
   SECRET
   TOP SECRET

25. Who is responsible for determining the classification?
   The originating unit

26. What element identifies the subject matter of the message?
   (SSIC) Standard Subject Identification Code

27. What does the subject line indicate?
   The basic content of the message

28. What is the final part of a class B message?
   (EOM) “End of Message”
   “NNNN” indicates EOM

29. There are Three types of LE SITREP’s
   Initial SITREP
   Subsequent SITREP’s
   Final SITREP

30. How many paragraphs are within a LE SITREP?
   5

31. There are three types of SAR SITREP’s
   Initial SITREP
   Subsequent SITREP’s
   FINAL SITREP

32. How many paragraphs are within a SAR SETREP?
   5

33. What is the last paragraph header in the final SAR SITREP?
   Case status

34. How many hours before getting underway, do you start check offs?
   48 hrs

35. Prior to getting underway when do you tune and peak the radars?
   1 hr
36. What is MX
   *Point of execution*

37. What is e-r?
   *Reference ship vector designation*

38. There are three methods used in solving intercept problems.
   *Given speed = course to steer*
   *Given course = true speed*
   *Given time = course and speed*

39. What is the time that it takes you to compute a problem?
   *Dead time*

40. What is e-tw?
   *Vector – true wind direction and speed*

41. What is r-aw?
   *Vector – true wind speed*

42. What is e-r?
   *Own ships course and speed*

43. What is e-aw?
   *Apparent wind direction and speed*

44. Wind is always expressed in terms of the direction it is?
   *Coming from*

45. The velocity and direction from which the wind is blowing is known as?
   *True wind*

46. The velocity and true direction from which the relative wind is blowing is known as?
   *Apparent wind*

47. The DR position is marked with a?
   *Semi-circle*

48. Where do you record all bearings, ranges and soundings used in Navigation?
   *Standard Bearing Book OPNAV FORM 3520/2*

49. What is the maximum time between fixes?
   *1 hr*
50. An estimated position is labeled with?
   *Small square*

51. What symbol indicates a fix using radar ranges and visual bearings?
   *triangle*

52. Unit commanders shall conduct a material inspection of the units boats how often?
   *Once a month*

53. There are two basic types of material inspections.
   *Formal – Annually
   *Informal - monthly

54. Who is responsible for regulating and outfitting and stowage on non-standard boats?
   *District commanders*

55. How often should personnel who use air purifying respirators undergo a fit-test?
   *Annually*

56. Who should you request assistance from in completing a respirator fit test?
   *Commander (k)
   *MLC
   *District Commander (m)*

57. How often should training be held for respirators?
   *Annually*

58. All personnel shall wear hearing protection when there is a continuous sound of?
   *84 dBA*

59. Double hearing protection shall be worn when the level is above?
   *104 dBA*

60. Who is required to have a hearing conservation program?
   *All Coast Guard Units*

61. Who is required to maintain a Hull history card?
   *All cutters that are 65 ft or greater*

62. Who is responsible for maintaining the hull history card?
   *First lieutenant*
63. Who is required to maintain a boat record?  
   *Shore based units*

64. The boat record has how many sections?  
   *Six*

65. How long are you required to keep the boat inspection reports?  
   *3 years*

66. On a cutter where should the boat record be kept?  
   *Machinery history*

67. Materials and aerosols having a flash point below 200 F are in what category?  
   *I*

68. What is not to be kept in a flammable locker?  
   *Oxidizers*

69. What color must a flammable locker be?  
   *Yellow (13538)*

70. All flammable lockers are required to have what?  
   *Ventilation*

71. To reduce the risk of fire or explosion lockers shall contain no more than?  
   *60 gallons of flammable products  
   120 gallons of combustible material in any one cabinet*

72. The paint records are to be kept in one of three places.  
   *Cutters – Hull history  
   Small Boats – Boat Record  
   Shore Units – Paint Log*

73. What is the primary means for communicating the hazards of a workplace?  
   *MSDS*

74. Units that generate more than 100 kilograms of hazardous waste in a calendar year shall conduct inspections how often?  
   *Weekly*

75. Inspection records/logs are to be kept for how long?  
   *3 years*
76. Flammable storage cabinets are to conform to National Fire code?
   Number 30

77. The weapons petty officer has to be a _______ or higher.
   E-5

78. Small arms are defined as what caliber and less?
   50 caliber and shotguns

79. Who will designate a petty officer to maintain the units small arms?
   Commanding Officer/Officer-in-Charge

80. How often will the small arms and ammunition be accounted for?
   Daily

81. How often will inventories be done of the small arms and ammunition?
   Monthly

82. The interval between monthly inventories shall not be less than 23 or more than 35 calendar days.

83. How many persons must be present to conduct an inventory?
   Two

84. How often do you inspect pyro?
   Annually

85. Ready service pyro shall be inspected weekly.

86. What is issued annually and is a listing of all small arms under the units cognizance?
   R-865

87. What category is the .50 cal in according to the AA&E?
   Category II

88. What category is the shoulder line-throwing gun in?
   Category IV

89. Category III and IV arms shall be stored in?
   An approved Amory
   A class 5 GSA approved weapons container
90. Any weapons container with an empty weight of less than 500 lbs shall be secured to the premises unless?
   * It is protected by an intrusion detection system (IDS)
   * Located within an armory or vault

91. Weapons storage racks shall be inspected?
   * Quarterly and recorded in the Small arms log or Ordnance log

92. Where should you store pyro?
   * In a cool, dry, well-ventilated space

93. Where should a list of unaccompanied access be posted?
   * Inside of the armory

94. Who shall be custodian of the keys to all spaces containing ammunition and explosives?
   * CO/OIC

95. Who may authorize or direct the transfer of small arms to any coast guard unit or other Govt. law enforcement agencies?
   * Area and District commanders

96. Who is the approving authority for any permanent changes to any units small arms allowance?
   * Commandant (G-OCU)

97. All items that are transferred must fill out an?
   * DD1149

98. The monthly ordnance inventory must include a physical comparison of the weapons ________.
   * Serial numbers

99. Shore units are required to maintain what logs?
   * Small arms log
   * Privately owned logs
   * Magazine Log
   * These three logs can be combined into one log referred to as the ordnance log

100. Ordnance logs shall be retained aboard for a minimum of?
    * Three years

101. How many required sections are there in a small arms log?
    * Eight
102. The small arms log shall be a ________?

*Hardback book*

103. What is the first section of the small arms log and what does it contain?

*The Inventory, it contains the model, serial number, and storage location*

104. Small arms may be loaned for a period no longer than_______?

*30 Days*

105. Where is the accountability check logged?

*Daily log sheet and is performed daily*

106. Where is all maintenance and inspections performed logged at?

*List of Satisfactory completed*

107. Whenever a casualty occurs to small arms it is recorded ________?

*Casualties and Corrections section*

108. What is the only round count that must be kept?

*For each .50 caliber barrel*

109. Any magazine reading of 100 or more is recorded in red and a report shall be made per *NAVSEA OP 4 Chapter 7 and NAVSEA OP 5 Chapter 11 for shore units.*

110. What are the three sections of the Magazine log?

*Magazine location*
*Magazine inspection*
*Magazine log temperature*

111. You have **24 hours** to forward applicable portions of the NAR to those units within your AOR.

112. You have **72 hours** to respond via an ATR with applicable changes.

113. Notice of Ammunition Reclassifications may contain more than **one.**

114. Three copies are made of the R-865 and sent to whom?

*Commanding officer, Headquarters units, and District commanders*

115. A minimum of ______ persons shall conduct the annual inventory and verification, and one must be not associated with the weapons dept.

*Three*
116. The national stock number is a ______ digit code?
   13

117. The Standard Distribution List (SDL) is a list of?
   Coast Guard Units, by type

118. Directives, Publications and Reports Index (DPRI) is divided into 7 sections.

119. Chapters 2 and 3 of the DPRI are useful because
   - Chap. 2 provides distribution info and is in Numerical format
   - Chap. 3 is quick and in alphabetical order

120. The Ordnance Publication (OPI) has 2 chapters and 3 enclosures

121. What three things can you use to find your distribution symbol?
   SDL, DPRI, or OPI

122. There are three basic changes to publications.
   - Pen and ink
   - Cut and paste
   - Page per page replacement

123. The Ordnance manual is?
   COMDTINST M8000

124. The Coast Guard uses what PMS on our small arms?
   NAVY PMS

125. If a repair requires a tool that is not in the PMS return it to?
   (SARF) Small Arms Repair Facility

126. Sonic Cleaners shall only be used at?
   District/Group armories, TRACEN cape may, TRACEN Yorktown and the CG Academy

127. Modifications of weapons shall not be done unless authorized by?
   Commandant (G-OCU)

128. Who is authorized to perform intermediate maintenance when deployed?
   (PSU’s) Port Security Units
129. What are the three maintenance levels?
   Organizational – ships, shore station and small boat stations
   Intermediate – District/Area armories and certain Headquarters
   Depot – Small arms repair facility

130. The ships maintenance material management (3-M) manual provides?
   PMS changes
   Ordnance forms
   Maintenance Requirement Cards
   Maintenance policy and procedures

131. When PMS is completed on a weapon it is logged in what?
   Small arms log or Ordnance log

132. Body armor must be?
   Full front, side, and back protection
   Neutral or positive buoyancy
   Level II A or higher
   Certified by the National Institute of Justice (NIJ)

133. The Law enforcement belt must be?
   Black ballistic nylon or,
   Black leather

134. All boarding team members shall wear the same type of holster.

135. The Holster shall be a standard ride, thumb break type that does not hang lower than 4 inches below the belt.

136. Flashlights carried shall be no larger than three C-cell or two D-Cell

137. Leg irons are authorized

138. OC must contain no greater than 10% and no less than 5% OC concentrate.

139. OC shall be approximately 3 ounces in net weight, and have a thumb activation and a safety mechanism.

140. The expandable baton shall
   Have a steel shaft, silver in color
   Have a foam non-slip handle
   Be no less than 15 inches and no greater than 22 inches
141. One 15 round magazine must be inserted in the PDW and at least one extra 15 round magazine shall be carried on the belt.

142. The riot shotgun shall be loaded with four rounds of ammunition.

143. The 12 gauge sting ball rounds shall be used from 5 to 15 yards away.

144. Rubber fin stabilized rounds shall be used from 15 to 30 yards away.

145. The boarding officer job aid kit (BOJAK) COMDTINST M16247.6 shall be carried on every coast guard boarding.

146. The only two law enforcement badges authorized for the coast guard:
   Coast Guard Special Agent
   Coast Guard Security Police Badge

147. A mast with a spar running athwartship is called a yard.

148. The forward mast is called the foremast and the other one is the mainmast.

149. The small cap, usually found at the top of a pole mast or flagstaff is called the truck.

150. Extending abaft the mainmast of a vessel is a small spar known as the gaff.

151. Above the truck, there is frequently a slender vertical extension of the mast called a pigstick.

152. The rainbow shall be displayed, reaching from the foot of the jack staff to the mastheads and then to the foot of the flagstaffs.

153. On Presidents Day at 1200 a 21 gun salute will be sounded with a 5 second interval.

154. On Independence Day at 1200 a 21 gun salute will be sounded with a 5 second interval.

155. If Independence Day falls on a Saturday the preceding day shall be observed as a holiday.

156. If Independence Day falls on a Sunday the following Monday shall be observed as a holiday.

157. On Memorial Day at 1200 a 21 gun salute will be sounded with a 1 minute interval.
158. What chapter would you find info on how to conduct Honors and ceremonies?
   *Chapter 5*

159. In what manual or instruction would you find the rainbow of colors?
   *NTP 13*